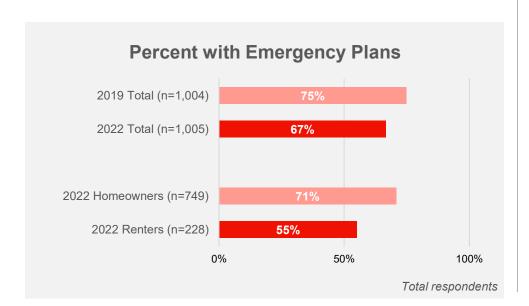


Florida residents age 45+ who have natural disaster emergency plans in place have declined.

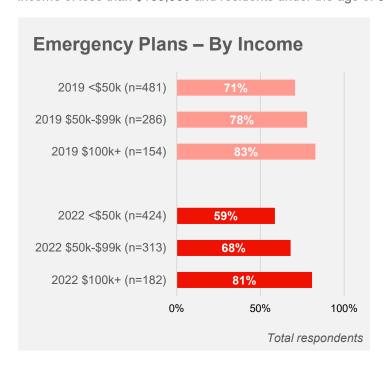
Two-thirds (67%) have emergency plans in place in the event of a natural disaster, which is down significantly from 75% in 2019. Half of renters (55%) have emergency plans, which is significantly less than homeowners (71%). (Note that 75% of Floridians age 45+ own their home, and 23% are renters.)

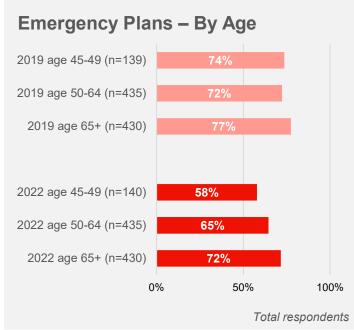


Caregivers may also need to consider the safety of their loved ones. One in five (20%) are currently providing care to an adult loved one. Most (62%) said the person does not live with them; 14% said their loved one lives more than 30 minutes away.



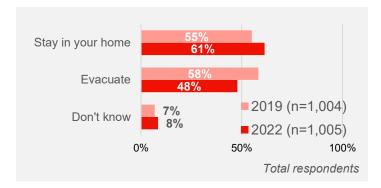
The gaps in preparedness by age and household income have increased since 2019. Those with annual household income of less than \$100,000 and residents under the age of 65 are the most likely to not have emergency plans in place.





Plans to shelter in place have increased since 2019.

Plans to evacuate in the event of a hurricane are down significantly since 2019, while the percentage who said they would plan to stay in their home increased - possibly driven by concerns regarding COVID-19.



Access to public shelters remains important.

African American/Black residents are more likely than white and Hispanic/Latino residents to say they would evacuate to a public shelter (17% Black versus 8% white and 10% Hispanic/Latino). Those with a disability are also significantly more likely than those without a disability to plan to evacuate to a public shelter (15% versus 8%).



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Floridians age 45+ are concerned about the cost of planning for and rebounding from natural disasters.

Just one-fourth (29%) said they are 'very confident' they could rebound financially from a natural disaster, which is consistent with 2019 results (26%). Renters (21%) are significantly less confident than homeowners (32%) that they could rebound financially in the event of a natural disaster.

About three-fourths (74%) of Florida residents age 45+ said they have homeowners or renters insurance that would cover their losses in the event of a natural disaster, significantly lower among renters (38%) than homeowners (87%).

Most (81%) homeowners who have this insurance said they have a specific hurricane deductible they would be responsible for; about one-third (32%) said they would be very or extremely concerned about having to pay it. Concern is even greater among those whose household income is less than \$50,000 (43%) and African American/Black homeowners (55%), as well as those with a disability (40%).



Renters without emergency plans are the most vulnerable financially.

Emergency preparedness may increase confidence in the ability to rebound financially from a natural disaster: Three-fourths (78%) who have emergency plans in place said they are somewhat or very confident they could rebound financially, while just 56% of those without emergency plans answered this way. The same pattern is true among both renters and homeowners.

Florida residents age 45+ are more concerned about rising home insurance costs than rising healthcare costs



66% Food



65% Homeowner's insurance



60% Healthcare



57% Electricity



56% Transportation costs



51% Prescription drugs



46% Renter's insurance

"Thinking about your monthly expenses, how concerned are you about the following increasing in cost?" (n=1,005 total respondents) % "very concerned" or "extremely concerned"

Interviews were conducted with 1,005 residents of Florida age 45+ by landline (25%), cell phone (25%), and online (50%) between July 11, 2022 and August 3, 2022.



For more information, contact specific advisor: Kate Bridges, KBridges@aarp.org A full description of the methodology report is available at AARP.org/VitalVoices.